



Cataclysmic Variables Discovered in the Chandra Multi-Wavelength Plane Survey

Citation

Zhao, P., J. E. Grindlay, J. Hong, M. Servillat, and M. van den Berg. 2013. Cataclysmic Variables Discovered in the Chandra Multi-Wavelength Plane Survey. Memorie della Societa Astronomica Italiana 84, no. 3: 540-542.

Published Version

http://sait.oat.ts.astro.it/MSAIt840313/PDF/2013MmSAI..84..540Z.pdf

Permanent link

http://nrs.harvard.edu/urn-3:HUL.InstRepos:14068408

Terms of Use

This article was downloaded from Harvard University's DASH repository, and is made available under the terms and conditions applicable to Other Posted Material, as set forth at http://nrs.harvard.edu/urn-3:HUL.InstRepos:dash.current.terms-of-use#LAA

Share Your Story

The Harvard community has made this article openly available. Please share how this access benefits you. <u>Submit a story</u>.

<u>Accessibility</u>

Mem. S.A.It. Vol. 84, 540 © SAIt 2013



Memorie della

Cataclysmic variables discovered in the Chandra Multi-wavelength Plane Survey

P. Zhao¹, J. E. Grindlay¹, J.Hong¹, M. Servillat², and M. van den Berg³

¹ Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA e-mail: zhao@cfa.harvard.edu

² CEA Scalay, Bat. 709, 91191 Gif-sur-Yvette, France

³ University of Amsterdam, Science Park 904, 1098 XH Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Abstract. We present 25 cataclysmic variables discovered in the Chandra Multi-wavelength Plane Survey (ChaMPlane: Grindlay et al. (2005); Hong et al. (2005); Zhao et al. (2005)), which is designed to investigate the nature of the serendipitous X-ray point sources discovered by the Chandra X-ray Observatory in the galactic plane ($|b| \le 12^\circ$), in order to constrain the populations of faint ($L_x \le 10^{33} erg/s$) accretion-powered sources in the Galaxy.

Key words. Chandra, Survey, Galactic plane, Accretion, X-ray binaries, CVs

1. Introduction

ChaMPlane fields are selected from the Chandra archive. Optical V, R, I, H α images covering the same fields are obtained using the CTIO-4m and KPNO-4m. 74 ChaMPane fields (Mosaic FoV: $36' \times 36'$) are observed, which cover 325 ACIS observations (AO1-13). Chandra optical counterparts and H α emission sources (H α -R<-0.3) are identified. Optical spectra are taken. CVs are identified by their hydrogen Balmer and helium emission lines, often broadened and double peaked due to the accretion disk rotation around the primary. Here we present 25 new CV candidates, confirmed by their spectra (to be published elsewhere due to the page limit) taken from the

Magellan, CTIO-4m and WIYN tele-scopes.

Table 1 lists the optical properties of the 25 CVs. Columns 9 lists 11 sources detected by Chandra. Columns 10 marks 17 sources covered by Chandra ACIS (6 of them have no X-ray detection). 8 CVs were not in the Chandra FoV but covered by the Mosaic due to its $5 \times$ larger FoV. Columns 11 shows that 9 CVs were previously published by us. 16 of the 25 CVs have never been published before. Table 2 lists the X-ray properties of the 11 Chandra detected CVs and their F_X/F_R ratio. Coincident test shows most these CVs are in the foreground of the Galactic bulge, upto distance of ~2 kpc. Therefore the unabsorbed flux ratio are estimated with the Drimmel model at 1 kpc.

Send offprint requests to: P. Zhao

No	ChOPS ¹	nH_{d1}^2	nH_{d8}^2	V	R	Ι	H <i>a</i> –R	X ³	A^4	P ⁵
1	J012602.18+625506.7	0.10	0.32	20.9	20.3	19.7	-1.35	n	Y	n
2	J012928.15+630702.3	0.10	0.32	21.7	20.5	18.9	-0.58	n	Y	n
3	J013017.55+625348.3	0.10	0.30	20.9	19.2	17.6	-0.34	n	n	n
4	J013022.96+624952.7	0.10	0.30	20.7	19.3	18.0	-0.33	n	n	n
5	J042130.28+330729.2	0.07	0.10	21.1	20.3	19.8	-0.77	n	n	R
6	J043534.32+292038.0	0.08	0.12	-	21.8	-	-0.84	n	n	R
7	J073810.09-092341.2	0.08	0.12	21.9	21.6	_	-0.70	n	n	R
8	J073827.46-093518.3	0.08	0.12	21.2	20.1	18.9	-0.14	n	n	n
9	J112029.35-612524.9	0.12	1.19	20.7	19.0	17.4	-0.40	n	Y	n
10	J134840.05-621754.1	0.12	2.39	20.8	20.0	19.2	-1.02	Y	Y	n
11	J152300.08-571322.4	0.05	1.17	20.5	16.8	14.6	-2.13	Y	Y	n
12	J154305.51-522709.6	0.17	1.26	21.5	20.9	20.3	-0.52	Y	Y	S
13	J161658.37-630318.6	0.07	0.11	17.9	17.5	16.9	-0.48	n	Y	n
14	J170953.03-442510.0	0.13	0.92	20.2	18.8	17.8	-0.33	Y	Y	n
15	J174411.55-284922.1	0.62	10.16	22.8	21.4	20.4	-0.76	Y	Y	n
16	J174421.55-294709.9	0.46	8.08	20.3	19.6	18.4	-0.51	Y	Y	n
17	J174504.67-291905.5	0.54	9.58	-	21.1	19.9	-0.36	n	Y	n
18	J174537.70-292351.9	0.54	9.58	-	23.0	21.3	-	n	n	n
19	J174607.52-285951.3	0.63	11.04	23.1	21.8	20.6	-0.61	Y	Y	Κ
20	J174638.02-285326.2	0.69	12.11	21.9	20.2	19.2	-0.19	Y	Y	Κ
21	J174656.89-285233.9	0.68	11.96	22.7	21.3	20.0	-0.19	Y	Y	Κ
22	J174720.36-290550.2	0.60	10.30	-	22.0	20.6	-0.01	Y	Y	n
23	J175413.58-295301.9	0.06	0.57	20.1	20.1	18.8	-0.68	Y	Y	n
24	J182723.92-040715.9	0.31	1.20	21.8	19.4	16.7	-0.03	n	n	R
25	J235902.61+621325.1	0.10	0.29	20.5	19.7	19.0	-0.56	n	Y	R

Table 1. Cataclysmic Variable Candidates Discovered in the ChaMPlane Survey

¹ Source name prefix ChOPS (Chandra Optical Plane Survey) is registered IAU-style optical source ID. ² nH/10²² based on the model of Drimmel & Spergel (2001) at 1 kpc & 8 kpc. ³ X-ray detection by Chandra. ⁴ In the FoV of ACIS. ⁵ Previously published: R – Rogel et al. (2006), K – Koenig et al. (2008), S – Servillat et al. (2012), n – unpublished before.

Table 2. Cataclysmic Variable Candidates with X-ray Emissions

No	ChOPS	$F_X(Bx) \times 10^{15}$	$F_X(Bx)/F_R$	$F_X(Bx)/F_R$
		(0.3-8.0 keV)	(observed)	(unabsorbed)
10	J134840.05-621754.1	142.80	7.99	8.54
11	J152300.08-571322.4	15.22	0.04	0.05
12	J154305.51-522709.6	439.30	56.88	37.10
14	J170953.03-442510.0	1.42	0.03	0.88
15	J174411.55-284922.1	110.80	23.74	3.70
16	J174421.55-294709.9	61.86	2.41	0.55
19	J174607.52-285951.3	40.52	11.85	1.78
20	J174638.02-285326.2	138.90	10.00	1.36
21	J174656.89-285233.9	13.42	2.57	21.05
22	J174720.36-290550.2	95.41	35.20	24.29
23	J175413.58-295301.9	58.97	2.08	2.91

 $F_X(Bx)$: Bx band (0.3–8.0 keV) flux, in [ergs cm⁻²sec⁻¹]. $F_X(Bx)/F_R$: flux ratio of Bx band vs. optical R band flux in [ergs cm⁻²sec⁻¹(1000Å)⁻¹]. unabsorbed ratio calculated with nH based on the Drimmel model at 1 kpc.

Acknowledgements. This work is supported in part	Drimmel & Spergel 2001, ApJ, 556, 181
by the Chandra X-ray Center.	Hong, J. et al. 2005, ApJ, 635, 907
	Koenig, X. et al. 2008, ApJ, 685, 463
References	Rogel, A.B. et al. 2006, ApJS, 163, 160
nelelelices	Servillat, M. et al. 2012, ApJ, 748, 32
Grindlay, J.E. et al. 2005, ApJ, 635, 920	Zhao, P. et al. 2005, ApJS, 161, 429